

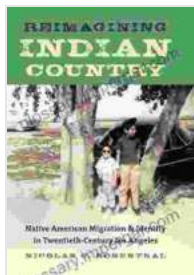
Native American Migration and Identity in Twentieth-Century Los Angeles

The twentieth century witnessed a significant migration of Native Americans to Los Angeles, a city that has since become a major hub for Indigenous peoples in the United States. This migration was driven by a complex combination of factors, including the assimilationist policies of the federal government and the economic opportunities available in urban areas.

As Native Americans migrated to Los Angeles, they brought with them their own unique cultures and traditions. They also faced a number of challenges, including discrimination, poverty, and violence. Despite these challenges, Native Americans in Los Angeles have persevered and created a vibrant community that is rich in both history and culture.

The Assimilationist Policies of the Federal Government

One of the most significant factors that drove Native American migration to Los Angeles was the assimilationist policies of the federal government. These policies were designed to strip Native Americans of their culture and identity and force them to adopt the ways of white society.



Reimagining Indian Country: Native American Migration and Identity in Twentieth-Century Los Angeles (First Peoples: New Directions in Indigenous Studies)

by Nicolas G. Rosenthal

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As part of these policies, Native Americans were forced to relocate to reservations, where they were subject to the authority of government agents. They were also forced to send their children to boarding schools, where they were taught to speak English and adopt Christian values.

These policies had a devastating impact on Native American culture and identity. Many Native Americans lost their language, their traditional beliefs, and their connection to their land. However, some Native Americans were able to resist these policies and maintain their culture and identity.

Economic Opportunities in Urban Areas

Another factor that drove Native American migration to Los Angeles was the economic opportunities available in urban areas. In the early twentieth century, Los Angeles was a booming city, with a growing economy and a strong demand for labor.

Native Americans were attracted to Los Angeles by the opportunity to find work in factories, warehouses, and other industries. They also found work in the city's service sector, in jobs such as janitors, maids, and waiters.

While many Native Americans found economic success in Los Angeles, they also faced a number of challenges. They were often paid less than

white workers, and they were often relegated to the most menial jobs. They also faced discrimination from employers and landlords.

The Challenges of Urban Life

Native Americans who migrated to Los Angeles faced a number of challenges, including discrimination, poverty, and violence.

Discrimination was a major problem for Native Americans in Los Angeles. They were often denied access to housing, employment, and education. They were also the victims of violence, both from white people and from other Native Americans.

Poverty was another major challenge for Native Americans in Los Angeles. Many Native Americans lived in overcrowded and substandard housing. They also had high rates of unemployment and poverty.

Violence was a constant threat for Native Americans in Los Angeles. They were often the victims of police brutality and gang violence. They were also at risk of being murdered by white people who resented their presence in the city.

The Resilience of Native Americans in Los Angeles

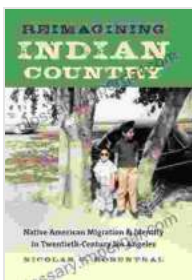
Despite the challenges they faced, Native Americans in Los Angeles persevered and created a vibrant community that is rich in both history and culture.

Native Americans in Los Angeles have established their own churches, schools, and community centers. They have also created a number of cultural organizations that promote their language, art, and music.

Native Americans in Los Angeles have also played a significant role in the city's political and social movements. They have fought for civil rights, economic justice, and environmental protection.

Today, Native Americans are an important part of the fabric of Los Angeles. They have made significant contributions to the city's culture, economy, and politics. They are a resilient people who have overcome great challenges to create a better life for themselves and their families.

The migration of Native Americans to Los Angeles in the twentieth century was a complex and challenging process. However, it was also a story of resilience and hope. Native Americans in Los Angeles have persevered and created a vibrant community that is rich in both history and culture. They are an important part of the fabric of the city, and they continue to make significant contributions to its culture, economy, and politics.



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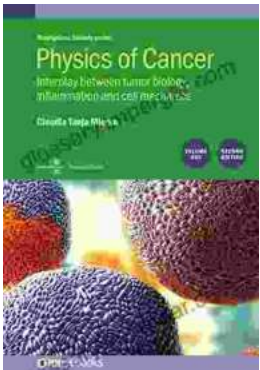
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